Music Skills Progression at King Edward Primary School KS2 Skills F1 Year 4 **EYFS** F2 **KS1 Skills** Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 5 Year 6 Controlling Sounds through singing and playing (Play and Perform) Play sound Play pitch Use voices Use voices in Use voices Sing songs in To sing in solo, Using To sing in To sing in To sing in unison and unison, unison and in voices matching expressively matching different ways expressively unison unison with **expressively** games two parts becoming games such as and maintaining clear diction, parts with creatively. To aware of pitch. speaking, the correct controlled clear diction, singing and sing with the pitch and Join in Make a pitch and controlled with chanting sense of sense of pitch and sequence using of loud shape of the increasing with sense of simple phrase. sounds and quiet melody expression. phrase and sounds rhymes with support and a lot of repetition Explore different voice sounds such as fast, slow, loud, quiet Sing slowly Experimen ts by making a range of sounds

	using their voices.									
Exploring sounds using instruments	Explore ways to make sounds with a range of instrument s	Make a sequence of loud and quiet sounds with a range of instrument s and every day objects	Play tuned and un-tuned instruments	To create and choose sounds To perform simple rhythmical patterns, beginning to show an awareness of pulse.	To create and choose sounds for a specific effect. To perform rhythmical patterns and accompanime nts, keeping a steady pulse.	To play tuned and un-tuned instruments with control and accuracy	To perform simple rhythmic and musical parts, beginning to vary the pitch with a small range of notes.	To play and perform parts with an increasing number of notes, beginning to show musical expression by changing dynamics.	To play and perform parts in a range of solo and ensemble contexts with increasing accuracy and expression.	accuracy, fluency, control and
Perform with others	Sing as part of a group	Sing as part of a group and on their own		To think about others when performing.	performing	rehearse and present performances with an awareness of the audience	To think about others while performing.	To think about others while performing.	To maintain my own part and be aware how the different parts fit together.	To think about the audience when performing and how to create a specific effect.
Create a musical pattern	Copy a simple clapping rhythm with adult support	Make a sequence of loud and quiet sounds. Create their own music	Create musical patterns	To know about and experiment with sounds	Repeat short rhythmic and melodic patterns	Improvise, developing rhythmic and melodic material when performing	To create simple rhythmical patterns that use a small range of notes.	To create rhythmical and simple melodic patterns using an increased number of notes.	To create increasingly complicated rhythmic and melodic phrases within given structures.	To create and improvise melodic and rhythmic phrases as part of a group performance and compose

Explore making different sounds	Experimen ts by making a range of sounds using their voices.	Copy a simple clapping rhythm eg Tap the syllables of names, objects, animals and the lyrics of a song Use voices and instrument s to make different sounds.	Explore, choose and organise sounds and musical ideas	To recognise and explore how sounds can be organised, to identify and organise sounds using	To begin to explore and choose and order sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music*.	Explore, choose, combine and organise musical ideas with musical structures	To begin to join simple layers of sound, e.g. a background rhythm and a solo melody.	To join layers of sound, thinking about musical dynamics of each layer		by developing ideas within a range of given musical structures.
				simple criteria e.g. loud, soft,				and understandi ng the		
			Respond	high low.	ng appraising skil	le		effect.		
Moving in time with	Explore different	Moves in time to the	Explore and express ideas	To talk about how music	To respond to different	Analyse and compare	To explore and comment on	To recognise	To describe, compare	To describe, compare and
the music	ways to	pulse of	and feelings	makes you	moods in music	sounds	the ways	and explore	and	evaluate
	move our	the music	about music	feel or want	and explain		sounds can be	the ways	evaluate	different types
	body in response	being listened to	using movement,	to move. E.g. it makes me	thinking about changes in	Explore and	used expressively.	sounds can be	different types of	of music using a range of
	to music	and	dance and	want to	sound.	explain ideas and feelings	CAPICSSIVEIY.	combined	music	musical
	and	physically	expressive	jump/sleep/s		about music		and used	beginning to	vocabulary
	feelings	responds to	and musical language.	hout etc.		using .		expressively and	use musical words.	including the inter-related
		changes	idliguage.			movement, dance and		comment	words.	ii iici-iciuicu

		in the				expressive		on this		dimensions of
		music, eg				and musical		effect.		music*.
		jumps in				language.				
		response								
		to								
		loud/sudd								
		en								
		changes								
		in the								
		music								
To reflect on	Explore	Say what	To make	To think about	To identify	To reflect on	To comment	То	To comment	To evaluate
music	different	they like	improvement		what	and improve	on the	comment	on the	the success of
	music	about a	s to my own	simple	improvements	own and	effectiveness	on the	success of	own and
	Express	piece of	work	suggestions	could be	others work in	of own work,	effectivenes	own and	others work,
	what they	music that		about what	made to own	relation to its	identifying	s of own	others work,	suggesting
	like or	they have		could make	work and	intended	and making	work,	suggesting	specific
	dislike	listening		their own work	make these	effect	improvements.	identifying	improvemen	improvements
	about a	to,		better. E.g:	changes,			and making	ts based on	based on
	piece of	watched		play faster or	including			improveme	intended	intended
	music	or taken		louder.	altering use of			nts based	outcomes.	outcomes
		part in			voice, playing			on its		and
					of and choice			intended		comment on
		Discuss a			of instruments.			outcome.		how this
		live								could be
		performan								achieved.
		ce such as								
		a play or								
		pantomim								
		e and say								
		what you								
		like/dislike								

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To listen	To hear	То	To listen	To	To	To listen with	To listen	To listen to and	To listen to	To listen to,
with	differences	recognise	with .	begin to	identify	attention to detail	with	recall patterns of	and recall a	internalise and
attention	in musical	obvious	concentra	identify	and	and to internalise	attention	sounds with	range of	recall sounds
	elements	changes in		simple	recognis	and recall sounds.	and	increasing	sounds and	and patterns of
	(fast, slow,	sounds	recall	repeate	е		begin to	accuracy.	patterns of	sounds with
	loud, quiet)	and take	sounds	d	repeate		recall		sounds	accuracy and
		account of	within	patterns	d		sounds.		confidently.	confidence.
		musical	increasing	and	patterns					
		instructions	aural	follow	and					
		(e.g. get	memory.	basic	follow a					
		faster or	,	musical	wider					
		louder)		instructi	range of					
				ons.	musical					
				0113.	instructio					
					ns					
То	To take	То	To know	To begin to	То	To know how the	To begin	To understand	To begin to	To identify and
		_	how the	understand	understa	combined	to begin	how different	_	· ·
recognise	account of	recognise					. •		identify the	explore the
musical	musical	obvious	combine	that musical	nd how	musical elements	understan	musical	relationship	relationship
elements	instructions	changes .	d musical	elements	musical	of pitch, duration,	d how	elements are	between sounds	between sounds
of tempo	eg get	in sounds	elements	can be	element	dynamics,	different	combined and	and how music	and how music
and	faster,	and take	of pitch,	used to	s create	tempo, timbre,	musical	used	can reflect	can reflect
dynamics	louder etc	account	duration,	create	different	texture and	elements	expressively.	different	different
		of musical	dynamics	different	moods	silence can be	are		meanings.	meanings.
		instruction	, tempo,	moods and	and	organised within	combined			
		s (e.g. get	tembre,	effects.	effects.	musical structures	and used			
		faster or	texture			and used to	to create			
		louder)	and			communicate	an effect.			
			silence			different moods				
			can be			and effects.				
			organised							
			and used							
			expressiv							
			ely within							
			simple							
			-							
			structures.							

To know how music is used for particular purposes	To listen to short, simple pieces of music and talk about when and why they may hear it. E.g: a lullaby or Wedding march.	To listen to pieces of music and discuss where and when they may be heard explaining why using simple musical vocabulary. E.g. It's quiet and smooth so it would be good for a lullaby.	To understand how time and place can influence the way music is created.	To listen to and begin to respond to music drawn from different traditions and great composers and musicians.	To listen to, understand a wide range of high quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions, great composers and musicians.	To listen to a range of high quality, live and recorded music from different traditions, composers and musicians and begin to discuss their differences and how music may have changed over time.	To develop an understanding of the history of music from different, cultures, traditions, composers and musicians evaluating how venue, occasion and purpose effects the way that music is created and performed.
To understan d that sounds can be made in different ways and described using given and invented signs and symbols.	To begin to represent sounds with simple symbols or other visual representation.	To confidently represent sounds with a range of symbols, shapes or marks.	To know that music is produced in different ways and described through relevant established and invented notations.	To begin to recognise simple notations to represent music, including pitch and volume.	To understand and begin to use established and invented musical notations to represent music.	To recognise and use a range of musical notations including staff notation.	To use and apply a range of musical notations including staff notation, to plan, revise and refine musical material.

*Inter-related dimensions of music (dynamics):

PULSE: the steady beat of a piece of a piece of music

PITCH: the melody and the way the notes change from low to high and vice versa.

RHYTHM: or duration is the pattern of long and short sounds in a piece of music

DYNAMICS: Loud and soft

TEMPO: Fast and slow

TIMBRE: The type of sound – whisper/hum/sing/talk (examples with the voice) or twinkly/hard/soft (examples with

instruments)

TEXTURE: Layers of sound (number of instruments or voices playing together)

STRUCTURE: The way the music is laid out –e.g. Verse, chorus, verse.